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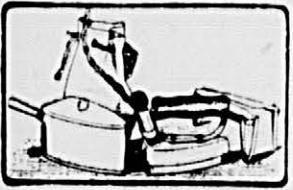
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Applicants, between the ages of 18 and 45, wishing to join this
branch of the Canadian Militia and undergo training for Home
Service, will be received at the Headquarters of the above unit (Drill
Hall, Craig St. E.) on Mondays and Thursdays at 8.30 p.m., com-
mencing Monday, Jan. 25th, 1915.

This training will afford an excellent opportunity for qualifying
for Active Service in future Contingents.

Duties and lectures commence Monday, Feb. 1st.

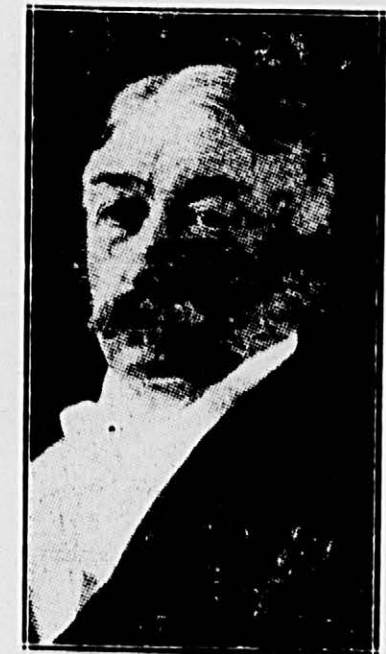
R. E. POWELL, Lieut. C.A.M.C.,
Adjutant.

Leading Men Will Address Law Students

Sir C. P. Davidson and Dean
Lee on the Dinner Programme

The committee in charge of the Fac-
ulty of Law annual dinner has
announced that the guests of honor will
be Sir Charles Peers Davidson and
Dean Lee of the Faculty. Dr. Peterson
has promised that if it is at all pos-
sible for him to be present, he will at-
tend, but he says that at the present
time he cannot make any definite prom-
ise.

Representatives from the universi-
ties of Laval and Harvard are expect-
ed as well as a delegate from Osgoode
Hall.



SIR C. P. DAVIDSON.
Who will be a speaker at the Law
Dinner to be held at the Ritz-Car-
ton shortly.

As was announced in a former issue,
the banquet will be held on the eve-
ning of Saturday, January 30, in the
Ritz-Carlton Hotel. The committee is
taking great pains to make this year's
function the best of its kind and in
view of this it is expected that a large
number will attend. Tickets may be
procured from Messrs. Langlois and
Kennedy, who state that so far the
sale has been very good, all things
considered.

Quite a number of the law students
have agreed to stay a few hours dur-
ing the course of the evening, while
several musical selections have been ar-
ranged.

Altogether this dinner promises to
eclipse those of former years, and it is
confidently expected by those in charge
that the number of students attending
will also exceed the attendance of other
years.

Theologs. Are to Debate on Conscription

Intercollegiate Contest Will Be
Held Here To-morrow
Evening

The programme for the intercollegi-
ate debate of Co-operating Theol-
ogical Colleges to be held at the Wes-
leyan College, to-morrow night, has
been issued. As has been previously
announced, the debaters will stand or
fall upon the question, "Resolved, that
Great Britain should have conscrip-
tion." The affirmative will be upheld
by G. J. McCormack (Wesleyan) and
G. A. Sisco (Wesleyan) and the nega-
tive by Percy V. Samson, B.A. (Congre-
gational), and Kenneth McLean, B.A.
(Presbyterian).

The judges of the debate are Rev.
A. P. Shafford, M.A.; A. Huntley Duff,
B.A.; B.C.L.; C. E. Fryer, M.A., Ph.D.;
G. W. Latham, B.A.; and C. Hale, B.C.
L. The Rev. Dr. S. P. Rose will act as
chairman.

The full programme is as follows:
Pianoforte solo..... E. Smith
Chairman's address.
The Debate.
Pianoforte Solo..... A. B. Howen
Reading..... Prof. Holt
Judges' decision and criticism, Rev.
A. P. Shafford, M.A.
National Anthem.
The proceedings are scheduled to
commence at 8 p.m.

PERHAPS!

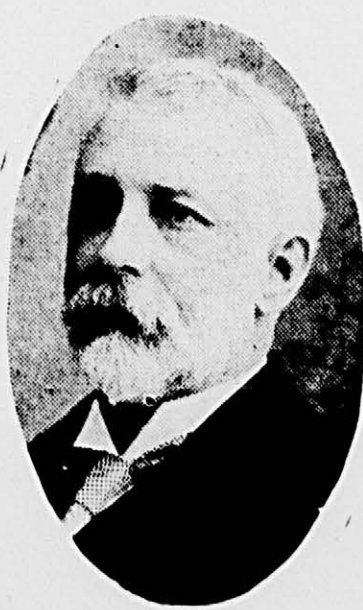
Stan. Martin, whose capable coach-
ing has very materially assisted the
basketball team, says that Queen's is
good for an intercollegiate champion-
ship provided the boys keep up their
contentious practices the way they
have been doing.—Queen's Journal.

Herbert S. Smith, Rhodes Scholar
from Queen's University, 1911, is now
a lieutenant quartered in Somerset-
shire, England. Mr. Smith was form-
erly a member of Squadron C. King
Edward's Horse, which he joined three
years ago.

Special Issue

All copy for the special
issue of the Daily must be
in to-day.

Mr. Fielding Gives Opini n



"The School of Journalism is a
modern addition to educational
machinery. I have not followed
the work of the American institu-
tions of that class with sufficient
attention to form an intelligent
opinion of the extent of their use-
fulness.

"In the past most of the men
who have been deemed successful
journalists have been those who at
an early age entered the news-
paper office in some capacity and
through experience in the daily
round of newspaper life gradually
advanced to the front rank. This
experience will, I believe, con-
tinue to be the chief factor in the
making of the successful journal-
ist. But most of the men who have
in this way achieved success would
readily acknowledge that they
were often much handicapped by
the lack of proper preparatory
education. The taking of the or-
dinary college course should qual-
ify a man to do almost anything
in life better than he could do it
without having that advantage.

If a part of the college course be
now arranged with special regard
to the work of the press, the stu-
dent who is fortunate enough to
be able to avail himself of it
should enter upon the activities of
the profession with every prospect
of a successful career, provided, I
need hardly add, that besides his
college degree he possesses the
character and industry which are
necessary to the winning of true
success in any line of occupation."

—Hon. W. S. Fielding, president
and editor-in-chief, "Journal of
Commerce," Montreal, and form-
erly Minister of Finance for the
Dominion, in letter to McGill
Daily.

Grad's Coming to Attend the Mott Meetings

Prominent Men Journeying From
Far and Near to Hear Mott

Great interest in the "Mott Meet-
ings" is being aroused amongst promi-
nent McGill graduates and also
amongst men who take an active part
in student affairs in other places. Word
is continually reaching the Hall of men
who are coming from all parts of this
country and from the United States,
for the meetings.

Amongst those who are coming ex-
pressly for this purpose, might be men-
tioned the following:
John McNeill, Arts '09, Shakespeare
Gold Medalist in English and Class
Valedictorian, is coming up from New
York. He is taking post-graduate work
at Union prior to his taking up his
work as professor of Church History at
Westminster Hall, Vancouver.

Charlie Bishop, well known to Mc-
Gill men as Student Y. M. Secretary for
Canada and now general secretary for
the Dominion, is coming up from Hal-
ifax. With him he is bringing Howard
L. Bronson, head of the Physics De-
partment of Dalhousie University. Dr.
Bronson, up to four or five years ago,
was one of the most popular profes-
sors at McGill, and was celebrated for
his feats as catcher on the McGill base-
ball team at Northfield.

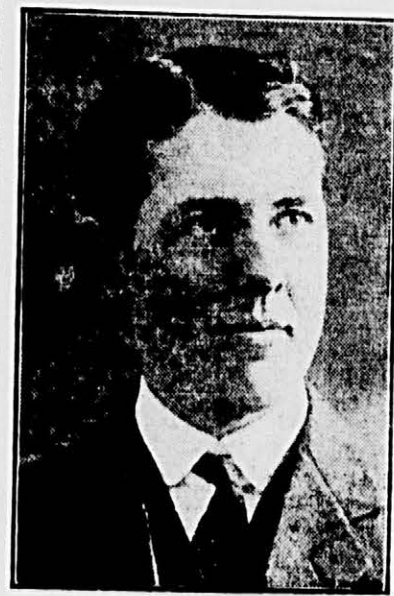
Another man high up in student

Interesting Address by Dean Adams

Third of Sunday Talks by Dr.
Adams Much Appreciated

An attentive gathering of students
listened to Dr. Adams' talk yesterday
afternoon on the Geological Correla-
tion of the Principles of the Evolution
of the World as Stated in the Bible.
The presence of those who had been
at the previous talks, the first on the
Evidences of a Spirit in the World of
Matter, and the second on the Inspira-
tion of the Bible, as we have it to-day,
shows that these students recognize
the value in such informal gatherings
at the "Y."

The Dean's wide and comprehensive
knowledge of geology in its minutest



Prof. H. L. Bronson,
of Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.,
who will attend Mott meetings at
McGill.

and widest senses enabled him to ex-
press, in a way that was quite con-
vincing, the verification of the Bible
through the evidence disclosed by the
earth's crust. These facts are unfold-
ed in the book of nature through the
evidences of a Spirit in the World of
Matter, and the second on the Inspira-
tion of the Bible, as we have it to-day,
shows that these students recognize
the value in such informal gatherings
at the "Y."

Using this book of nature, Dr. Adams
showed the truth of the fact of evolu-
tion of plants and animals, and likened
this evolution to a tree, where the
main stock was the symbol of contin-
ued evolution throughout the hundred
million odd years of geological existence
and the branches the last stages of the
evolution. Lower branches represent-
ing the lower and less evolved forms
and the highest that of man.

The succession of events as chron-
icled in Genesis, is quite like the suc-
cession of events as revealed by the
study of geology, and that the evolution
was gradual is without doubt true.

The Dean gave the principal thoughts
regarding this evolution, sketching the
main points of Darwin, Lemark and
Ratson. Since the productions of
these men came out there have been
three fields of evolution, Atheistic, Ag-
nostic and Theistic. Atheistic evolu-
tion being just chance evolution, while
Spencer, one of the greatest Agnostic
thinkers, wrote that the more science
expands, the more evidence there is of
an infinite and eternal energy that is
unknowable.

The evidences of geology tends
strongly towards the belief that some
great organism was busy while the
world was in the making, and that
this organism, God, gives to the sub-
ject of the Christian revelation, an ex-
altation greater than ever. Geology
gives a higher idea of the Creator and
the creative power necessary in the
production of the world.

Next Sunday afternoon, Dr. Adams
will give a talk on how college men
might be able to use the culture of
the ages for the benefit of man.

Sacred Concert Postponed To February 7th

Undergraduate Orchestra is Ac-
tive—Several Events Coming
Off in Near Future

Owing to the John R. Mott meetings
being held on January 28 to 31, the
second concert which was to be held
next Sunday, will be postponed for one
week, February 7th.

The Senior Play is coming off on the
5th of February, therefore it is im-
perative that every member turn out
to the rehearsals. We have had very
poor attendance at the last two reheu-
sals but the members are working well
and everything is fairly satisfactory.

There are yet two sacred concerts,
the Annual Concert and Senior Play
music to be handled, besides possibly a
tea-light or so.

There will be a rehearsal to-night
in the Union Music Room at 7.30 in
preparation for the Senior Play and
the Sacred Concert.

One man is coming all the way from
Lexington, Va. He is Francis Millar,
Y. M. Secretary at Washington and
Lee University and very well known to
the students of that part of the coun-
try.

Coming back to McGill graduates
themselves, we might mention Gordon
Brown, Arts '07, Sc. '07, of New Haven;
Mac B. Davidson, Arts '03, of Wood-
stock, Ont., and Dr. Ross Aglure, of
Cornwall.

Many of these men know Dr. Mott
personally, and know of his power as a
speaker. Their willingness to come
from such distances is an eloquent tri-
bute to the ability of the man whom
McGill students are to have the privi-
lege of hearing.

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To-day

4.00 p.m.—Senior play to-day at R.
V.C.
5.00 p.m.—Wrestling practice at Un-
ion.

5.15 p.m.—Gym classes; preparation
for indoor meet.
7.30 p.m.—Boxing practice at Union.

8.15 p.m.—Dr. J. A. Bancroft before
Natural History Society in Chemistry
Building.

8.30 p.m.—Percy A. Scholes at the
R.V.C.
9.00 p.m.—McGill vs. Laval at Arena

To-morrow

12.00 p.m.—Med. '18 vs. '19 on Cam-
pus Rink.
1.00 p.m.—R.V.C. '15 class meeting.

5.00 p.m.—Chemical Society meeting

5.15 p.m.—Basketball practice.

7.45 p.m.—Battalion parade.

8.00 p.m.—Intercollegiate debate at
Wesleyan College.

CHEMICAL SOCIETY MEETS TUESDAY

The next regular meeting of the
Chemical Society will be held to-mor-
row at 5 p.m.

Mr. S. W. Werner will deliver a lec-
ture on the "Manufacture of Big Guns."
The address will be illustrated by nu-
merous lantern slides, showing the var-
ious stages of gun production. All
those interested are cordially invited
to attend.

"Fing-a-ling-a-ling-a-ling!" Is that J.
M. Lewis? "Yesum!" "I want you to
leave a quart of milk on my front gal-
lery every morning. Can you do it?"
"Yesum, I reckon so; but it is going to
be mighty inconvenient." "I fail to see
what there is inconvenient about a milk-
man leaving a quart of milk every morn-
ing." "So do I; but I am a newspaper
man." "O-o-o!" I must have the wrong
number."—Houston Post.

McGill Daily

The Official Organ of the Undergraduate Body of McGill University

Published every day except Sunday by

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INFLUENCE OF ATHLETICS IN UNIVERSITIES

Athletics Take Very Prominent Place in American College Life

In the United States, athletic exercises have become a kind of substitution for the physical education of student life. The department of physical exercises in both indoor and outdoor athletics may be looked upon as the one and only department which is developed expertly, automatically and spontaneously by one and all in the university environment. Collegians find here a central meeting ground, a free-masonry and a common enthusiasm; it is also practically the sole meeting place, generally speaking, for the regular interchange of fellowship between teachers and students.

One is never quite sure of getting unanimity of interest in any group of American students upon such subjects as philosophy, engineering or literature; nor do such departments, more or less omnipresent, as college debating, journalism, fraternities or dramatics, strike a generally responsive chord in all college hearts or conversations. But even mention athletics and the student world is one.

It was of American student athletics that President Wilson remarked, "So far as colleges go, the side shows have swallowed up the circus, and we in the main tend to do nothing what is serious and good." To the American collegian, whether he have found him on the so-called "gold coast" at Harvard or in a college boarding house in a Colorado college, athletics have taken on the dignity of an institution. The American undergraduate seems to be dominated by a devotion to the cause of athletics.

It is not to be wondered, therefore, that the American colleges have been under severe fire both from college professors and from discerning parents, toward competition. One college president in describing university life recently said, "We are just getting together to cheer." Athletics seem in many cases to have won over scholarship and study. To an educator this tendency is regarded as destructive of collegiate intellectual life. Many university professors regard the present-day American athletics as a corruption of both faculties and students, a crude cultivation of the professors, as encouraging unpleasantness between institutions and a general perversion of the aims of education.

As contrasted with the English collegian, the American university man seems to care less for the real play life and to simply "play to win"; he "sets his heart upon the goal, not set upon the prize."

Furthermore, this desire to win so completely engrosses him that his motto becomes frequently, "To win at any cost." Hence come the troubles with these athletes as football and basketball, with professionalism in athletics, with over-enthusiasm and confusion at games, and afterwards in celebration of victory. So keenly do they desire to win that hold of college communities that one is fairly depressed in the environment of a school or college after that institution has failed to win in an important contest, while in the vicinity of the victorious rival the "celebration" often is quite out of proportion to good sense.

All sorts of proposed means to correct these excesses are being applied in the United States. Certain institutions, like Columbia University, have abolished intercollegiate football and other athletic contests, while other college authorities place the burden of responsibility and guilt upon a salaried athletic coach, whose reputation, it is contended, depends largely upon making his team win. But the root of the difficulty lies in rules which are not supported by college public opinion and which many a student feels justified in evading, and which he does evade without losing prestige among the other students. To debate a student from engaging in college games because sometime or somewhere he has played professionally, is to debate what some contend much more than they have lost, through the athletic interest within their borders.

American educational life has gained in the mighty stir of young hearts, the intense thought and action around the idea of contest and success. It has gained in the ability of correct analysis and appraisal of "fair play"; it has gained in the cultivation of a power to win or lose with equal readiness of mind, and in the witness of the effect of training, more rigid and ascetic than any modern military man knows; it has gained in the realization that the skillful, swift decision on the field of play is a victory or defeat quite as much as does a drawn, and it has gained in the appreciation of the limitless possibilities lying in co-ordination of fighting forces as a means of overcoming obstacles and interference.

Like therefore, regulation rather than annihilation of athletics that is needed. This is a saner method of harnessing the energetic enthusiasm and loyalty and patriotism of the thousands of students who gather to witness athletic games, and to make these undergraduates realize the ideal elements in athletics. To the discerning student such events, when two great colleges face each other on the athletic field, are a source of emotion and convictions than people sometimes suppose.

No, gentle reader, those frantic shrieks for assistance, which were heard at intervals between the wild outbursts of applause from the men of Science, forgotten in the Union of the sciences supplied by the Castle Blend, and the flow of reason of their respected professors, were not the cries of a lost soul, neither were they the cries of one in danger of losing his life by the swift hands of footpads.

The first students' recital of the season will take place in the small hall of the Conservatorium on Thursday, January 28, at 8.15 p.m.

Mr. Scholes will cover the 15th century period. His discourse will be made all the more interesting by the contribution of numerous musical illustrations by Messrs. Brant, Mayfair and Nottley, members of the Conservatorium teaching staff.

The lecturer is on this side of the Atlantic for a lecture tour, and has already spoken at Columbia and Harvard universities and before many New York Art Societies. He is the university extension lecturer for Oxford, London and Manchester. Articles from his pen have made him well known as a journalist.

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but changing the attention of the child from the undesirable to the desirable, may be significant as a lesson here. As one keen educator has said, "We need re-arrangement of our college work, so as to give public honor to the most successful student, and to emphasize the fact that the ability to excel in study is the only form of consciousness that the authorities recognize as in any way entitled to 'college honor'." The scholars in American universities are not marked at all; and the marked men are marked for everything except scholarship.

When one talks with representatives of such institutions as the University of Wisconsin, where the students are attached to activities of the outside world by being taken to the legislative halls of the state as well as to the farms in the country, where their theories are matched by practical experience, the conviction is increased that the student who is not a scholar may be overcome by more insistent constructive emphasis upon other departments that engage the energetic enthusiasm of youth.

There is needed first of all and always a deeper sympathy with the point of view of students, as well as more intimate knowledge of the characteristic human nature of the college boy. American universities and preparatory schools have gained much through the athletic interest within their borders.

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King Albert's Book

A Review

We have before us a publication by the Daily Telegraph, and allied papers, entitled "King Albert's Book." The proceeds of the sale of which are to be devoted to relief in Belgium, whose heroism and sacrifice form the subject of the book.

In the comparative quiet of Canada, it is difficult for us to realize the magnitude of our debt to the little nation which has borne the brunt of Germany's fiercest attacks. The effect of this book is to impress upon us, more deeply than we have ever felt it before, just what we owe. It records for us the impressions of all the greatest minds of our times: statesmen, poets, and great educationalists, the world over have taken this opportunity to pay their tributes to the deepest and sincerest admiration and gratitude to a country which has sacrificed its all in the cause of liberty and truth.

One of the most splendid messages in the book is the characteristic one from Sir John Lubbock, who writes: "Even as Belgium has shown her heroism in deeds, while her sufferings are too bitter to express in words, so those of the grand fleet trust to show their sympathy in deeds, knowing that silence becomes them best at all times."

Hockey
Skating
Skiing
Fencing
Water Polo

College Athletics

Gymnasium
Wrestling
Boxing
Swimming
Basketball

MCGILL VERSUS LAVAL IN CITY LEAGUE CONTEST

Three Crucial Battles Will Decide the Standing in City League To-night

MCGILL TEAM IN FINE CONTEST

Every Player Except De Muth Has Recovered From Friday Night's Match

The second round in the series of games in the City League will start to-night when Nationals and M.A.A.A., Laval and McGill, Shamrocks and Victorias meet at the Arena. These three games will be most crucial and will have a lot to do in settling the league leadership.

The last game between Shamrocks and Victorias should result in a victory for the Vics, although the Shamrocks are expected to put up a good fight. The Nationals and M.A.A.A. open in the first game of the evening which promises to be even faster than that played between the Vics and M.A.A.A. last Monday night. Nationals and M.A.A.A., in their first encounter earlier in the season, played to a draw, since then both teams have been materially strengthened, and it is a toss-up which team will win to-night.

A win for the M.A.A.A. would in all probability put the Vics on top, with Nationals second and M.A.A.A. third. While a win for the Nationals would give them a commanding lead in the race for league honors.

Laval and McGill will once more cross sticks and this time the Red and White team expect to turn the trick on the speedy Laval students. A win for McGill would put them on a par with Laval for fourth place.

The Laval team will most likely be without the services of Pinard and McLaughlin, the two men who proved so disastrous to the Red and White in the last Laval-McGill game. However, the Laval men figure that they have plenty of worthy substitutes to fill their places and expect to win again.

But those who saw the McGill team in their game against Queen's on Friday night are inclined to question the optimistic support of the Laval men. Although defeated by Queen's, the McGill team put up a wonderful exhibition of hockey. The men rushed, checked back and rushed again with such "pep" that if they were displayed in a City League game here the other teams in the League would have to go a fast clip from start to finish if they wished to pull out on the long end of the score.

The McGill men have quite recovered from their strenuous game on Friday with the exception of Otto DeMuth. DeMuth received a nasty knock on the knee during the game, and is expected to be out for some time. However, it is likely that DeMuth will be seen on the defensive against Laval to-night.

"Bill" Morris is still on the ailing list. Morris has been laid up for some time with a sore throat and although he performed in fine style for a while on Friday night he is hardly fit yet to stand the pace of a hard game.

Kendall and Hall are both in fine shape and ready to stand up through a while encounter. Hall was used for a while against Queen's on Friday and played a splendid game. The time he was on the ice, "Terry" is improving with every game. His checking is all that could be desired while he carries the puck safely, out-circling any who try to stop him.

The Red and White forwards are all ready for another fast game. Rooney, Parsons, Rainboth, Marson and Andrews all played speedy games against the Tri-color watching the speedy Queen's men with unflinching consistency and if they display the same form against Laval they will make matters very warm for the Frenchmen's defense.

Mann in goal will lessen the chances of the Laval team to a great deal. The Red and White goalkeeper has been playing sensational hockey all season and will handle the shots to-morrow night to the very best of his ability.

The McGill team has lost little of its stride. Coach Roberts was very pleased with the showing made by the Red and White Friday and expects great things of his men from now on.

Now that the Christmas holidays are over a large turn-out of McGill students is expected at the game. So far the games this year have been poorly attended by the McGill supporters. No team can be expected to show "pep" unless helped on by the cheers of her supporters on the sides. The Laval students have been turning out in force all this season and it is expected that there will be a large turn-out of supporters of the Red and White team.

The following men will be used and are asked to be at the Arena promptly at 8.5 p.m.:

Mann, Montgomery, Kendall, DeMuth, Morris, Hall, Rainboth, Parsons, Andrews, Marson, Rooney.

Donald's Have Hockey Practice

A fairly well attended hockey practice was held on Saturday on the R.V.C. rink. Under careful coaching of Messrs. Bob Fraser and Paul Clark, a good practice was put in.

Some good material has been found and with careful coaching it is expected that a very formidable team will line up against Macdonald College.

TO CLASS TEAMS.

The president of the Athletic Association once more gives warning to the managers of all class hockey teams that the names of competitors must be handed in to him at least one day before their first game is played. Also all men must have been previously examined.

Large Number Turn Out For Indoor Meet

Good Promise is Given for Keen Competition in all Events This Year

Saturday afternoon's work-out for the Indoor Athletic Meet saw Don Smelzer, the star sprinter and jumper, out for the first time. He spent most of his time in the standing and running high jump and for the first day out, did some fine work.

Time trials were held over the four lap relay course and some very fast sprints resulted. Joe Moore had his relay team from Med. '17 out, and rather easily defeated a picked team over the half mile course. The teams were:

Matthews vs. Myers
Miller vs. Allen
Moore vs. Dean
McGregor vs. Stuart
Richardson vs. Gibb
Shulman and Presner vs. Aquila
Cohen vs. Patterson
Henderson vs. Levine

The former team winning by inches. The relay promises to be one of the star events. Hastings, Auttiff, and Presner form a nucleus for a team from Sc. '18. Smelzer, Dean, Loughery, Fraser, Levine, from Med. '18 and from Sc. '17 such stars as Cushing, Jeffrey, Sutherland and McLeod. Other teams are also getting busy and the field promises to be a large one.

In Saturday's trials on the standing high jump, Don Smelzer cleared 4 ft. 2 in., only 2 in. behind the record held by Dan Sutherland. Hastings went 4 ft. 1 in. and Fitzpatrick 4 ft. 2 in. Bill Auttiff is going to make some of the old timers leap some to beat him out in the running high jump. He is showing exceptional form just now and on Saturday had no trouble at all in walking over the bar at five feet. Lee is another new man on the running high. Both he and Green are dark horses and although jumping the seconds jump, had no difficulty in clearing five feet. Don Smelzer was also at the same height when time was called.

McLeod, Sc. '17, by the form he is showing in the three standing broads is going to beat "Mac" McDougall's record of 28 ft. 12 in. in this event. He also went 9 ft. 5 in. in the standing broad, which is only 1-2 in. behind Don McFarlane's mark of last year. Hastings made 27 ft. 6 in. Miller and Henderson each made 28 ft. 5 in. Levine, Bissett and Richardson also showed good form.

Special printed ribbons will be given to the first and second men in each event as well as first and second all-round. Dr. F. W. Harvey has again very kindly consented to give a special trophy for the all-round champion. Last year a similar trophy was won by Eric Cushing with a total of thirteen points.

A big crowd is expected out to-day as there only remain about ten days in which to round into shape.

Rex Hovey is to be out and he with Dan Sutherland will look after the shot putters. Don Smelzer will watch the high jumpers. Joe Sanders will manipulate the potato race squad, Eric Cushing the sprinters, and Loughery and McLeod the broad jumpers.

It is expected that the following men will be out at to-day's practice at 5.15—

Alberga, Sutherland, Ross, Gerrie, Fraser, McFarlane, Nugent, Crombie, MacDermont, Hutchison, Thomas, Legault, Marsh, Hillier.

BOXERS WILL MEET TO-NIGHT INSTEAD OF TUESDAY EVEN.

More Men Are Requested to Turn Out for Heavyweight Class

Let every boxer take notice that the practice is called for 7.30 to-night on account of the special parade to-morrow evening.

Since the meet of a week ago, the practices have been receiving better support, but President O'Leary is by no means satisfied and he wants to see more out, especially heavyweights. This is a department in which the club is badly in need of men.

The following men are requested to turn out to-night:

Jefferys, Montgomery, Forbes, Crombie, Marlett, McCullough, Falls, Newhook, Sargent, Canfield, Cassidy, Blatchford, Birks, Morrisette, McCully, Ross, A. H. Smith, Moore, Waitt, Cumming, Parker, Wop, Steward, Charlie Steward.

TRI-COLOR HAD EDGE ON MCGILL IN HOCKEY GAME

Spectacular Plays Feature the Contest From the First Blow of the Whistle

RED AND WHITE DESERVE PRAISE

They Furnished a Welcome Surprise to the Large Number of McGill Supporters

There is no denying that the better team won Friday night's hockey game. Yet the score is no indication of the play. The game was fast right through to the final whistle and the spectators were kept on edge by the spectacular plays of the men on both teams.

During the first period and greater part of the second period, the Queen's team seemed lost. Their forwards were falling all over one another with the result that they did not get by for a goal during the first period. McGill notching one. But after Queen's tallied their first they settled right down and played the most brilliant hockey.

The McGill team deserve great praise for the way in which they played. Every man on the team worked for all that was in him. The team play also surprised McGill's most ardent supporters. Playing with the same speed in the City League, the Red and White would be a hard aggregation to beat.

Brouse proved a very competent and impartial referee. He was very strict on off-sides and on the body-checking. Rainboth was put off three times for bodying, though he bodied fairly each time the man carrying the puck.

Smith who played goal for Queen's last year, though he has only been out to a couple of practices, played a sensational game between the nets for the Tricolor.

Mann put up one of the finest exhibitions of goal-tending ever seen in an intercollegiate contest. The swift one he picked out from a face-off directly in front of the net was a snappy piece of work.

Rooney, in his first game in the intercollegiate, put up a wonderful exhibition of hockey. The plucky little wing worked from the first to the last bell hand hung.

Despite the fact that he was a marked man, Eric Parsons played an unusually brilliant game, being all over the ice at once. In the last period, the way in which he carried the puck and passed to Rainboth, who scored, was a beautiful bit of play to watch.

The McGill defense worked hard and consistently. DeMuth, Kendall, Morris and Hall all played in their best form, but could not withstand the continued attack. Dr. F. W. Harvey has again during the last period weakened a little.

"Chuck" Waterous, of Rugby fame, was an interested McGill supporter at the game and acted as the McGill goal-umpire during the last two periods.

Dobson, Queen's "war-horse," on the right wing, was still as speedy and as effective as ever. He played a wonderful game, carrying the puck right down and shooting. For a time McKinnon came back to defence while Goddard tried his hand at the forward game.

An enthusiastic crowd of spectators packed the Arena. It is figured about nine hundred students and about five hundred citizens were in attendance. The Tricolor are certainly receiving the support of the Queen's students.

The Arena in Kingston has very poor accommodation for the spares, and executive members of the teams, the men being jammed into a little corner at one end of the rink, not all removed from the spectators.

The Red and White play their next intercollegiate hockey fixture with Varsity in Toronto, next Saturday afternoon.

Sport Items

Indiana has more men out for wrestling than in any other line of sport. The members of the football squad are requested to participate in some other form of athletics and the majority of them choose the wrestling game.

Each member of the student body at Indiana is to give a dime toward buying a batting cage for the baseball team. Up to date the co-eds have been the most fluent givers.

"Are you looking for work?" "Yes," replied Piddling Pete. "Well, me too. You can find out who wants help by applying at the post office." "Maybe. But I've watched the men that work for the post office. Long hours and weather and salary isn't supposed to make no difference to them. If they heard of any easy job, I should think they'd mail 'em themselves."—Washington Star.

Bone, Armistage, and especially Norm. Williamson, Bill Ross, Art Brown and Quilty.

WRESTLING TO-NIGHT.

Wrestling practice will be held to-night from 5 to 8. All regulars and those who have turned out at any time are requested to be on hand as well as the following:

Branch, Callaghan, Prevost, Waitt, Patterson.

Fencing Class Starts Season This Evening

All Men Desiring to Join This Class Will Turn Out to the Union at 7.30

Waken up ye fencers. A class is being organized for all those who desire to bring honor to their Alma Mater and perfect their own physique. McGill was not represented last year by a fencing team, and this should not be. Why is it that a university which won the assault-at-arms, can not have a squad of fencers? There is no reason at all.

Although the fencing club last year was a dead loss it is no reason why it should be so this year. Prof. Traquair has promised to instruct the boys in the art of wielding the foils and with lots of "pep" and enthusiasm, there is no reason why the Red and White should not clean up in this branch of indoor sport.

To-night a class is being organized. All men who desire to learn something of fencing or are already adept at the game, will please make their presence known in the wrestling room at the Union to-night at 7.30. Plans will then be made for the further continuation of the sport.

Here's another chance presenting itself for men to uphold their college honor. If a dead loss, there are men at McGill whom sometime during their lives have had the fortune to wield the foil. Now a chance is presenting itself for such men to get up and do something and help McGill to win that assault-at-arms, once more. Everybody turn out to-night at 7.30 and help the club.

STANFORD REFUSE TO ELIMINATE THE FRESHMEN RULE

California Accuse Stanford of Unfair Action in Securing Athletes for Intercollegiate Games

California and Stanford universities have come to grief over the playing of freshmen in the intercollegiate games. The Berkeley men claim that Stanford is using unfair means to attain athletic supremacy that they are inviting in students of athletic ability, inducing them by means of financial offers to attend the university and take part in contests. At a meeting of the Intercollegiate Agreement Committee, Berkeley demanded that no freshmen be allowed to compete in intercollegiate sports. Stanford carried this motion before a meeting of the students and the following resolution was passed to be forwarded to Berkeley:

Whereas, at the meeting of the Intercollegiate Agreement Committee representing the University of California and Stanford University, held on Saturday evening, January 9, the California representatives submitted one proposition to the Stanford representatives, demanding its acceptance before consideration of other questions, and

Whereas, this demand, that of the elimination of freshmen from all varsity competition, rests almost wholly on the supposition that one or both of the universities are using improper means to induce men of known athletic ability to enroll as students solely because of their unusual athletic ability; therefore,

Be It Resolved, that the Student Body of Stanford University is on record as being strongly in favor of the participation of first-year students in varsity contests. That since the one reason for the advancement of this proposition by California, in the opinion of this body, is the baseless assertion that first-year students are being induced through financial offers or by other improper means to attend Stanford because of known athletic ability, he also resolved that a proper showing is made that such a condition exists now or is to be expected to exist in the near future, the elimination of freshmen from varsity contests be indefinitely postponed. That this Student Body is on record as having no belief in the charge of corruption of first-year athletes in the present, or in its possibility for the future; that it denies anything approaching this condition existing, and courts closest investigation of any case that may be cited.

And since the scholastic records of the freshmen participating in intercollegiate contests in the past have been satisfactory to the faculty in their average, the argument that their participation should be barred for scholastic reasons is ignored as without sufficient weight.

Therefore, be it resolved that the Intercollegiate Agreement Committee be instructed to enter into no agreement with the University of California, by which freshmen are prohibited from competing on varsity teams in intercollegiate matches.

And be it further resolved, that in the absence of such a showing by California of the use of improper means by Stanford to secure athletes, the Stanford representatives on the Agreement Committee be instructed to request an apology from California representatives for such charges as have been made.

INTERMEDIATES WERE DEFEATED IN BASKETBALL

Better Combination on Part of the Central Team Accounted For Their Victory

THE FIRST LOSS OF THIS SEASON

Ferguson, Pitts and Goodfellow Were the Best Players of Both Teams

On Saturday night, in the game with the Central Y.M.C.A., the McGill Intermediate basketball team met defeat at the hands of the fast Riversiders aggregation by a score of 7-2. Ernie Jupp's Septet was no match for the speedy Easterners and at no time during the game was the result doubtful. Varsity was completely out-classed by the Riversiders, who ran up a large score at the outset of the game and although the Collegians came back in the final period, they were unable to overcome this lead.

Varsity has already fallen down before the Victorias, who were defeated by Queen's by a score of 11-2. From this, Varsity will not be very strong contenders for intercollegiate honors this year. However, it must be remembered that Varsity has turned out practically a new team this year, whereas Queen's is nearly the same as that which won the championship last year.

Although the Red and White were defeated in Kingston on Friday night, they showed up better than at any time before this season. A good game is therefore expected when they meet the Blue and White at Toronto next Saturday.

Some clever combination work between Forbes, Mandley and Sanders, resulted in four baskets for the Centrals. McGill now began to play more aggressively and to check harder. As a result of a combination play between Seath, Pitts and H. Ferguson, the latter scored.

McGill secured from Centrals by intercepting a pass. Pitts finally secured the ball and netted McGill's final basket for the first half.

Centrals scored twice before half-time, the result being that at the end of the first period, the score stood 21 to 12 in favor of Centrals.

After the intermission J. Ferguson replaced Kert at centre and Kemp replaced Seath at guard. For the Centrals, S. Goodfellow replaced Forbes and Cushing replaced Beecher at guard.

About a minute after play was resumed, Goodfellow intercepted a McGill pass and passed to his brother, who scored.

McGill secured the ball from centre, and after a rather lengthy piece of combination play, Hyndman netted the ball for McGill.

After the throw up, the ball went from one end of the floor to the other with great rapidity. First one team would be in possession and then the other. The remarkable fact about the game was that although play was fast and the checking close, the game itself was very clean. McGill only scored four more baskets before the final whistle. Pitts secured three and Hyndman one. The Centrals kept on scoring at intervals and the final score was 41 points to 24.

It is difficult to pick out any outstanding men where every man plays at his best, but Pitts and H. Ferguson showed up best on the McGill squad, while W. Goodfellow, at guard and Sanders, forward for the Centrals, also played well.

The line-up follows:
McGill (24) Central (41)
Pitts forward Mandley
Hyndman Centre Sanders
Kert Centre Forbes
Ferguson guard S. Goodfellow
H. Ferguson guard W. Goodfellow
Seath forward Beecher
Kemp forward Cushing

Mr. C. Magrone handled the game in a very capable manner.

DARTMOUTH NOW LIKELY COLLEGE HOCKEY VICTOR

Green's Victory Over Harvard Seven Makes Hanover College Team Most Promising Contenders for Championship

Dartmouth College stands out to-day as the most likely candidate for the intercollegiate hockey championship of the East for 1915 following its victory over the Harvard varsity in the Boston Arena Wednesday night by a score of 4 to 2. Throughout the game the playing was very evenly matched, but Dartmouth was more successful in taking advantage of its opportunities to score.

Dartmouth's victory was due largely to the skillful playing of Clarence Wamaker, who scored three of the four goals, and to the brilliant work of Donahue at goal, who made many difficult stops. Owing perhaps to the speed of the game, team-work was for the most part poor. Fast playing marked the opening of the game, in which the puck was frequently carried from one end of the rink to the other.

All doubts as to whether Dartmouth enthusiasm still existed vanished with a midnight bonfire on the campus when the news of Harvard's defeat by the varsity hockey seven reached here Wednesday night. Fifteen minutes after receiving the score a snake dance on the campus was in progress. Ten minutes more and the town was relieved of all words. To the noise of crackling flames and clanging chapel bells a parade by the freshmen surged over the campus.

ROMANCE UP TO DATE.

"Will you be my wife?" pleaded Harold. "Oh, I couldn't think of it," replied Gwendolyn. "What would people think of me marrying a man who drives a last season's car?" "Marry me and I will purchase a 1915 model," implored Harold. "Darling!" exclaimed Gwendolyn. "I am happy until the 1915 models made their appearance—Cincinnati Enquirer.

RIVERSIDES HAD VERY EASY TIME BEATING VARSITY

Ernie Jupp's Aggregation Stood No Chance Against Riversides in the O. H. S. Fixture

In a senior O.H.A. fixture played at the Arena Gardens on Saturday last, the Varsity Hockeyists again met defeat at the hands of the fast Riversiders aggregation by a score of 7-2. Ernie Jupp's Septet was no match for the speedy Easterners and at no time during the game was the result doubtful. Varsity was completely out-classed by the Riversiders, who ran up a large score at the outset of the game and although the Collegians came back in the final period, they were unable to overcome this lead.

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M. A. BRODEUR, 24 NOTRE DAME EAST.

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To-day and To-morrow ALICE JOYCE and GUY COOMBS In the Greatest of All English Comedies THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL 4—MUSICAL LUCIERS—4. MISS CLEMANTE. SIGNOR MARIUS

LADIES' TEN CENT MATINEES A FEATURE

GAYETY

JOE HURTIG PRESENTS Bowery Burlesquers

In a humorous travesty on Alexander Bisson's powerful drama on the mother love, "Madam X," entitled MADAME X CUSE ME With FITZGERALD and QUINN

REID'S January Clearing Sale

Now in Full Swing Men's Hats, Clothing and Furnishings

At Reductions Ranging from 20 to 50 PER CENT

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ORPHEUM

THIS WEEK 2.10 P.M. & 8.10 P.M. THE 6---WATER LILIES---6

Beautiful Girls—Expert Divers. Gorgeous production. Hit of New York. Audville for months.

WALTER C. KELLY "The Virginia Judge". That imitable Comedian. The sensational hit of two seasons ago.

JOSEPH HART Presents HARRY BERESFORD & CO. (Late Feature of "The Conspiracy") in a Comedy of Youth and Spritling. "Twenty Odd Years," by Tom Barry.

Royalty's Favorite ROXY LA ROCCA Italian Harpist in Popular and Classical Selections.

MLLE. DORIA Offering "IN THE MAID'S ABSENCE" An Original Dog Sketch.

THE MILITARY HAPPENINGS AT OLD MCGILL

MCGILL BA TALON AND 24TH VICTORIA RIFLES COMBINE IN ROUTE MARCH AND SKIRMISH

Under Trying Weather Conditions, Student Soldiers Made Creditable Showing—Fast Pace Set on Return Home—Scouts Used Skis to Cover Ground

The parade Saturday afternoon was one of the hardest work-outs that the battalion has had for some weeks, and also the longest, since the all-night march, at the High School and as at this time some 500 men fell in on Burdette street, together with the men of the 24th Battalion Victoria Rifles, the parade made an imposing array. The band and scouts in full force and marched with the regiment to Cote des Neiges road, the route being, Sherbrooke to Simpson, to McGregor, to Cote des Neiges. The 24th led the march out and "A" Company led the McGill Battalion.

At Cote des Neiges road, the battalion was split up into active service order with a main body followed by supports and reserves and united by connecting files, and covered by the advance guard of the 24th Battalion, under command of Major Hill. In addition to the main disposition of the troops, the advance was protected by Scouts, and in this connection an innovation was tried out, many of the scouts being provided with skis. This idea was found to work very well, as the men were able to cover the ground much more rapidly. The system of ski-scouts will be continued during the future parades, when snow conditions will permit of their use, while a general snowshoe parade is expected to take place shortly.

The march continued along the Cote des Neiges road to the scene of the battle held after the all night march. The whole parade here acted as one body of troops manoeuvring against an imaginary enemy. As in the march, the 24th and part of the McGill battalion advanced in the main firing line, the remainder of the battalion being arranged as supports and reserves.

The main attack was made across the open fields, the men advancing in short, sharp attacks and taking advantage of every available piece of cover. In this particular the men

showed considerable improvement over some of the previous manoeuvres, but the absence of a real enemy seems to prevent the realizing to the full the necessity of keeping under cover. This is an absolute essential to successful manoeuvring, and full efficiency cannot be obtained until this important item is mastered. The very condition of the field and the fresh snow fall made the work very difficult and several of the men broke through the frozen crust and floundered around in two or three feet of snow, but all men went at the work with a vim.

At 5.40, the welcome order to fall in was given, and the march home commenced. "A" Company leading, and the Victoria Rifles following in the rear. Of the march home the ideas were rather hazy, but the one fact stands out clearly that the pace was far too fast, and especially so considering the fact that "A" Company alone were without rifles. When a company without rifles is leading the return march under the heavy marching conditions that marked Saturday's parade, it is only fair that the officers of that company see to it that the pace is not made too fast for the men following. There are two facts which mark the march home. The first is that it was the first march, including the all night march, where any number of men were unable to finish. Saturday, ten or more men in various companies were forced to fall out and take a car home, and nearly every man expressed the opinion that the march was by far the hardest yet held. The second fact that might be noted is that the McGill Battalion arrived at the High School some twenty minutes before the 24th Battalion, and the men of that battalion had come at a slow pace. In all it took just under an hour to do the five mile march, and the battalion was dismissed just at 7 p.m. "Chills and the 'Ham-and' were next in order and took the place of the cold shivers waiting the soldiers at the family table.

REGIMENTAL DRILL ORDERS WEEK ENDING JANUARY 30

MONDAY, JANUARY 25—

5.15 p.m.—"A" Co. (C.O.T.C.) Instructional Drill. Old High School.
"B" Co. (C.O.T.C.) Lecture. Engineering Building. Secs. 13-14.
"C" Co. (C.O.T.C.) Lecture. Engineering Building.
"D" Co. (C.O.T.C.) Lecture. Engineering Building.
7.00 p.m.—"B" Co. Musketry. C.O.T.C. Headquarters. Secs. 3-4.
7.15 p.m.—"B" Co. Aiming Instruction. Secs. 5-6. Old High School.
7.45 p.m.—N.C.O. Class. Old High School.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 26—

5.15 p.m.—"C" Co. (C.O.T.C.) Instructional Drill. Old High School.
"D" Co. (C.O.T.C.) Lecture. Engineering Building. Secs. 11-12.
7.45 p.m.—Battalion Parade. Old High School. Band will attend.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 27—

5.15 p.m.—Second Year C.O.T.C. Lecture. Engineering Building.
5.15 p.m.—Recruit Drill. Old High School.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 28—

5.15 p.m.—"A" Company. Bayonet Fighting. Secs. 13-14.
"B" Company. C.O.T.C. Instructional Drill. Old High School.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 29—

5.15 p.m.—"A" Company. C.O.T.C. Lecture. Engineering Building.
"B" Co. (C.O.T.C.) Lecture. Engineering Building. Secs. 13-14. Physics Building.
"C" Co. (C.O.T.C.) Lecture. Engineering Building.
"D" Co. (C.O.T.C.) Instructional Drill. Old High School.
7.00 p.m.—"C" Co. Musketry. Sec. 3. New High School.
Sec. 4. Morgan's.
7.15 p.m.—"C" Co. Aiming Instruction. Old High School. Secs. 5-6.
7.45 p.m.—N.C.O. Class. Old High School.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 30—

Battalion Parade.

QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY MEN WILL SERVE AS DRESSERS WITH OVERSEAS HOSPITALS

Principal Gordon Asked to Furnish Number of Medical Students For Service With Field Hospitals and Dressing Stations

Principal Gordon of Queen's University, has received a communication from Lieut.-Col. C. F. Winter, private military secretary to the Hon. Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia and Defence, asking Queen's University to supply a number of medical students as dressers for field hospitals and dressing stations.

The number required from Queen's is not stipulated, nor does the communication state where the services of the dressers will be required. Dean

Connell could say nothing until he received more definite information as to what would be required of the students furnished. The Militia Department has been asked for further information on the matter.

It is said that the nurses and surgeons about to be sent overseas will be sent with the cavalry division, which will be commanded by Lieut. Col. Williams, and will go to Egypt. Whether the students asked for by Queen's will be included in this division is not known.

Germans Use Phosphorus

Sir William Ramsay, noted scientist and frequent contributor to the Boston American, sends to the London Times a translation of an article in the current number of the French Academy of Science Journal, by Victor Henri, a celebrated chemist.

"Mr. Urban, the distinguished scientist," writes M. Henri, "who has had an opportunity of examining a number of German shells which failed to explode, informs me that the explosive shells of 77-calibre and the shrapnel shells contain mostly a large quantity of violet-brown powder which is 97 per cent. phosphorus.

"The phosphorus is contained in a cylindrical box one inch by two inches in diameter and the interstices be-

tween the balls are filled by a violet-brown powder containing 97 per cent. of phosphorus.

"The balls are roughened so as to retain a certain quantity of the adhering phosphorus, consequently fragments of the German shells and shrapnel carry into the wound more or less phosphorus.

"This should be especially called to the notice of surgeons, for phosphorus produces mortification of the tissues. In contact even with shrapnel and bullets, producing tetanus and gangrene find a medium favorable to their development.

"Wounds produced by German shrapnel and shells should therefore be deeply incised and cleaned out with the greatest care."

meet, that of bringing out new material, only those rare eligible who have never won a place on the intercollegiate games until after the first semester. The proposition was first put to the student body, which gave its unanimous approval. The faculty at once ratified the rule, and Beloit is now under the three and a half year rule for athletes. A day's holiday was granted as a celebration of the event.

The annual inter-faculty assault-at-arms will be held on Saturday, Jan. 30. As in previous years, there are promises to be a very lively and interesting majority of the events. In order to serve the purpose intended by this

More Work to Be Done Now With Aerials

Steeplejack Has Already Been at Work Erecting Apparatus for Wireless Operations

A good deal of nonsense appeared in one of the local newspapers a few days ago, regarding the wireless work being carried on at the university.

The facts, which have already been stated in the Daily, are that the Government has loaned to the university two 35-mile equipments to assist in the training of operators who may be available if needed for service.

The aerials supplied with this equipment are 350 feet long, but are only 10 feet high, being intended for work in the open country, and these aerials could be so screened by the buildings surrounding the campus as to be of little value for training purposes.

In order to have the necessary height above the surrounding buildings, one of the aerials is going to be suspended between the power-house chimney and the Engineering Building, at the expense of the electrical department.

The other aerial, with the other necessary equipment, will be taken out into the country in the spring and the effect of the location of the aerial on the strength of the messages sent and received will be tested. The sending range of the aerial, however, will be about 80 miles at most.

On Friday, a steeplejack climbed the chimney and attached a block by which it would be able to raise and lower the aerial, whenever desired.

The addition of this large aerial will prove a great benefit to the class which will now be able to obtain a great deal of practical experience in receiving press and other messages.

All the members of the class have taken the declaration of secrecy which is required of all wireless operators in Canada and any news received over the wireless cannot be divulged.

The Electrical and Physics Departments have combined to make the work a success and a great deal of credit is due to Dr. Herdt, Dr. Eve and Professors Gray, King, Christie, and Grey, who are taking an active part in the work and instruction of the class.

German Shells Not So Deadly As Expected

Powder is of an Inferior Quality and Many Shells Do Not Explode

Richard Norton, founder of the American Volunteer Ambulance Corps, which should not be mistaken for the American Ambulance Corps of Paris, which is composed principally of Harvard, Yale, and Princeton men, who have been doing much valuable work conveying wounded to base hospitals for the second Army, and also certain British divisions—reached London from the front for a brief visit, Mr. Norton said:

"There has been less for us to do in the last few weeks than in the fall, because the weather conditions made violent fighting impossible. There has, however, been considerable pneumonia, rheumatism, and colds in the French and English ranks. But I neither have seen nor heard of cases of insanity or shattered nerves, which some people report."

"There is noticeable evidence that the Germans are less prodigal of ammunition than at the beginning of the war, and we hear on all sides that they are using ammunition of inferior quality. Some of their shells are not exploding, and others, when they do explode, are not doing the widespread damage which was expected. They also are said to be running out of aeroplane pilots. It is obvious that they are doing relatively less aeromautical work than the Allies."

"Two of our men, Fred Letendre and Lockwood Bonner, said an aeroplane brought down near Amiens the other day in which the observer was the son of Gen. von Falkenhayn."

"The feeling among the French privates is one of determination, and I have seen no evidence of any desire for separate peace. I have seen no evidence of a desire to retaliate when the Allies reach Germany for atrocities which were committed in France by Germans. I myself have seen no atrocities, and have heard none when I have every reason to believe, narrate circumstantial accounts of atrocities. As the war develops the white flag seems to fall daily into less repute among all the nations engaged in the western theatre."

"One of the remarkable things which the war has clearly shown, is the worth of French roads. They have stood the heavy traffic better by far than any roads which I know in America. I don't believe the roads in the environs of Boston would stand for a week the wear and tear of any transportation. The French roads were evidently well and honestly built. They are being constantly repaired now by old men and boys."

"The Volunteer Ambulance Corps now has twelve Americans, who, with two or three others, are operating twenty cars at the front. Two new members who will shortly take cars to the front are Fred Bond, of Philadelphia, and W. D. Sawyer, of Milwaukee."

"TIPPERARY" IN GERMAN.

There is already a French version of "Tipperary," and now there is a German translation. The Germans say: Es ist sehr weit zu Tipperary.

Es ist sehr weit zu Tipperary. Es ist sehr weit zu Tipperary. Und mein Herz ist, so schwer (odor "hehr").

The translator, in sending a copy to a Dutch newspaper, adds:

I hope those who sing this delightful song will be able to forget the terrible war, and that in the end a four-fold friendship will spring up, or, better still, a European or world friendship. This is not alone my wish, but the wish of millions of others.

—London Times.

WAR SUMMARY

These Articles Are Specially Written for the McGill Daily and will be Published each Day.

GENERAL

The German air raid has put England in a state of uncertainty, and reports continue to come in to the effect that Zeppelins have been seen over the English Channel, and also over Norfolk. The ones seen at Norfolk were flying in the direction of London.

It is considered highly probable that the British raid made at Bruges will be followed by other attacks as the Bruges docks are the head of the Zeebrugge Canal System.

In the vicinity of La Basse the Germans are again massing their troops, evidently in preparation for a new struggle between Ypres and Courtrai. General Joffre is keeping the enemy in a state of uncertainty by launching unexpected attacks on all points of the French-German battle line. In this way the Germans are not sure where the decisive attack is to be made.

FRANCE

The outstanding features of the campaign in France are the continuance of fierce infantry engagements in Alsace, and a small encounter near St. Hubert. The fighting in Alsace has not brought about any definite victory for either side.

French and British aviators dropped bombs yesterday on Ghent and Zeebrugge. This item of news was announced in an official statement in Berlin.

TURKEY

According to Turkish reports the main forces of the Russians who were advancing on Turkey have been repulsed and are now in retreat. Speaking of the fighting in Arabia, near the Persian Gulf, the Turkish communication says:

"On Thursday the British forces, assisted by three gunboats attacked our troops near Kurna, but were badly defeated and forced to retire with severe losses."

ENGLAND

The news of Admiral Beatty's great victory over the Germans, in which the "Blucher," one of the most modern of the German battleships, was sunk, with 810 men; and two other cruisers were seriously disabled was received with great satisfaction by the public. It is an assurance that Britain still rules the waves, and the sooner the German fleet puts out to sea the better will the British commanders be pleased.

AMERICANS AID IN RED CROSS WORK

Harvard and Yale Send Motor Ambulances

Of the many hospitals operating in Europe, and now crowded to overflowing by the wounded soldiers of all armies, none is doing more efficient service than the American Ambulance Hospital in Paris. Founded during the Franco-Prussian war by Americans in Paris, it has continued as a surgical hospital, and since the opening of the present war, has cared for an average of 500 men a day at a total expense of \$200,000. And yet, in spite of the difficulties of its situation, the Bellevue hospital in New York is the lowest per capita operating expense, so efficiently and economically is the work conducted.

The greatest need of this hospital is motor ambulances for transporting wounded soldiers from the front and an urgent appeal has been made to America for 100 ambulances for immediate use. Every effort is being made to meet this appeal, and already thirty-four of the machines are provided for. Money has been sent to Paris for the purchase and equipment of twenty, and the Rochambeau which will carry the chassis for ten more.

Philadelphia this week, and the bodies and equipment secured in France. Of this total number one has been furnished by the Red Cross chapter at Yale, one by the St. Paul's of Harvard, and also sent eleven other ambulances to be used in Europe under the general direction of the Red Cross, and Harvard five.

The ambulances are manufactured at an initial cost of \$1,100, covering also the expense of six months' operation, exclusive of chauffeur's salary. Each machine is equipped with two stretchers, and has besides a room for four men, in addition to operators. The men, in addition to operators, are asked for will be divided into three groups. The first group will operate at the base hospital in Paris, being up to transport wounded from the front to Aubersville, ten miles from Paris. Two machines will be kept constantly at the station to avoid delay. The second group will operate from Jouilly, twenty-five miles out of Paris near Meaux, and will take wounded from the firing line to the field hospital that is situated there as a branch of the main work in the city. The third group is known as the flying corps. It operates directly back of the firing line, receiving wounded from the front and carrying them to the most convenient shelter. All their work is under the direct supervision of the Surgeon-Generals of the various armies involved.

COLLECTION BY CLASSES.

In their urgent need the committee in whose charge is the raising of money for these ambulances has sent to various universities asking for their cooperation, and a liberal response is being made.

The pangs of the inner man proved too much for some of the men when grocery stores were passed and many fell out for biscuits and chocolate.

Don't forget the battalion parade on Tuesday at 7.45 p.m. "C" and "D" attend this parade in place of company drill on Thursday night.

Editor's Note.—It is the intention of the Daily to run a column of "Short Cuts" on Monday mornings. To give it a snap it is desirable that all good stories in connection with the regiment, of note of interest to the members, be phoned in on Sunday night, U. 446.

CULTURE VS KULTUR

A Comparison of the Two Terms And Their Meanings

Discussion of the worth of German culture has been somewhat clouded by the fact that when a German speaks of Kultur he means an entirely different thing from what a Latin or Briton means by culture. Kultur means the organized efficiency of a nation in the broadest sense—its successful achievement in civil and military administration, industry, commerce, finance, and in a quite secondary way in scholarship, letters, and art. Kultur applies to a nation as a whole, implying an enlightened Government to which the individual is strictly subordinated. Thus, Kultur is an attribute not of individuals—whose particular interests, on the contrary, must often be sacrificed to it—but of nations.

Culture, for which the nearest German equivalent is Bildung, is an attribute not of nations as a whole but of individuals. It is the result of an individual's national impulse only through the approval and admiration of these individuals by the rest, who share but slightly in the culture they applaud.

Nations with cultured leaders have generally been the best. Those whose leaders had merely Kultur, the Spartans and Macedonians had abundant Kultur; they generally beat the Athenians, who had merely very high culture. The Romans had Kultur, and the Hellenistic world wore their yoke. Germany unquestionably had admirable Kultur, but on the other hand, she has willingly sacrificed the culture of a few leading individuals to the Kultur of the empire as a whole. Thus it is not surprising that Germany, as measured by the production of cultured individuals, takes a very low place to-day. Not only France and England, Italy and Spain, but also Russia and America, may fairly claim a higher degree of culture.

Prisoners Get News Through Spies

For some months the authorities of the Lancaster concentration camp for German prisoners of war have been endeavoring to solve a mystery. Up to now they are as far off the solution as when they started.

It has always been known that the prisoners were cognizant of all that was going on in the outside world, although they were not allowed to receive newspapers or letters which did not pass through the hands of the censor. In the early days of the war the fact created no serious problem, for every day saw new prisoners coming in, conversant with every important item of news. They were naturally objects of great interest to their old prisoners until they disclosed all they knew about current events.

But as time went on and the entrance of additional prisoners ceased, and still the whole camp was kept well informed with news, the problem took on a serious shape, and means were adopted to discover the source of the information communicated to the prisoners.

All kinds of traps were laid for possible spies and traitors and many theories were advanced and worked upon. The morning after the shelling of Scarborough, the prisoners were disclosed all they knew about current events.

Whatever may be the means of communication, the prisoners know all before the soldiers who guard them. The morning after the shelling of Scarborough, the prisoners were disclosed all they knew about current events.

Business Is In a Healthy State

(Prepared for the McGill Daily by the Desbarats Advertising Agency.)

Someone starts a report that business is dull and that things generally are in bad shape.

News of this nature travels quickly and is talked about to such an extent that people begin to think that business really is in a depressed state.

How quickly they accept rumors of this nature, when, without proof, they refuse to accept reports which have a direct bearing in their own particular business.

Let these unfavorable rumors get any headway and the advertiser at once says, "I can't afford to advertise, I must retrench and husband my resources."

Notwithstanding all talk to the contrary, business to-day is in a healthy state.

It is to the interest of every business man to continue his advertising, and even increase it if possible, and prepare for the increased business which will surely follow the marketing of Canada's crop in 1915.

Remember, that the advertisers in the McGill Daily are advertising even in the face of rumors of depression. If they've got courage to do this, don't they deserve your patronage?

A COMPLETE LINE OF THE LATEST INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENTS IN MEDICINE AND SURGERY ARE CARRIED BY

'The Medical & Surgical Supply Co.'

562 UNIVERSITY ST.,

STUDENTS ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO VISIT OUR NEW PREMISES AND INSPECT OUR STOCK.

Short Cuts

Due to the hard pace set on Saturday, the usual musical entertainment was noticeable by its almost complete absence. "D" Company alone was able to render "Tipperary," and at that it had better been left unsung.

Buck up fellows, get something besides "The Hamburg Show," "Tipperary," and "Well Hang Kaiser Wilhelm." Lieut.-Col. Starke expresses himself as well satisfied with the manoeuvres Saturday, considering the trying conditions and the fact that it is the first joint parade held with an overseas regiment.

The men were not alone in their troubles. One officer stepped quite unintentionally in a hole some two feet deep. When last seen he was sending out frantic "S.O.S." calls.

Further parades with the overseas regiment would prove of great value to the battalion as comparison with their work will help us greatly to improve in our work.

Two twisted ankles are reported from Saturday's parade. The patches of ice on the field of manoeuvres made the work treacherous.

Crichton, "D" Company, who twisted his knee on Thursday last, still requires a cane, but the hurt is improving.

The men of the 24th also felt the effects of the long parade and showed signs of weariness.

The Victoria Rifles were much heavier equipped than the McGill boys. All were great coats and carried rifles.

The Vics. can show us a lot in pace making.

The band was out in force, but volume was somewhat shy. The frosty weather proved hard on the instruments and the uneven footing made good playing difficult.

In a recent issue the Chicago Tribune published an article from its special correspondent at Geneva which gave particulars of German activity in the building of Zeppelins. According to the Tribune correspondent the type of airship which is now being built is 400 yards long, 14 yards broad, with a crew of 30 officers and men. These "Dreadnought" Zeppelins are said to be meant for the invasion of London, which is, we are informed, to take place "early next year."

Eighteen to 20 Zeppelins of the latest type are believed to be required for this invasion, and when the Tribune correspondent wrote on November 20, seven of these were understood to be ready.

The following is the article referred to: Germany is slowly but steadily preparing to make its threatened aerial attack on London and on the eastern coast of England, even without the aid of the German Navy, in the judgment of observers of the continued activity at the Zeppelin works at Friedrichshafen.

At this factory on Lake Constance, published an article from the beginning of the war have been employed in the construction of dirigible balloons, instead of a normal working force of 400 men. In place of the usual working period of eight hours a day, the men, who are all experts, have been divided into day and night shifts of 12 hours each, so that over 500 are always engaged. All the finished materials and fittings, as well as sections of the airship envelopes, arrive from other parts of Germany ready made, and the workmen at Friedrichshafen have only to put them together. This makes it possible to build a Zeppelin in three weeks.

The latest and strongest Zeppelin ever built sailed to the north November 5, direct from the Friedrichshafen works without any previous trial trips.

Surgical Instruments Dissecting Sets Half-Skeletons, Skulls, Ophthalmoscopes Laryngoscopes, &c.,

J. H. CHAPMAN, 20 McGill College Avenue.

SUTHERLAND Shoe Hospital

Repairs while you wait. —Prices Reasonable— 389A BLEURY STREET Uptown 3250.

It is 400 yards long considerably longer than its predecessors, about 14 yards broad, and its motive power consists of three motors of 800-horse power. It carries a crew of 30 officers and men. In a special basket this Zeppelin carried 50 torpedo bombs, each said to be capable of as much damage as the shells of the famous 16 in. guns. One of these bombs, during a trial near Friedrichshafen, penetrated the earth five yards. All the Zeppelins built since the beginning of the war have been similarly armed.

"Dreadnought" Zeppelins were launched August 15, September 3 and 24, October 15, and November 5, and two others of the same type at the beginning of August, making a total of seven. These formidable aerial vessels are said to be able to resist successfully any aeroplane attack. They are "sail" with a weight of two or three tons; they have 17 to 18 independent gas compartments, and waterplanes that will allow them to land on water, if necessary, and continue their flight later. At Friedrichshafen they are called "marine airships," and in small letters on their hulls are posted the significant words "meant for London."

Officially in Germany there have been built up to the present 31 Zeppelins, but only the most recent dozen count with the military authorities.

The German staff and Count Zeppelin are understood to hold the opinion that 18 to 20 Zeppelins of the latest type are necessary for a successful attack on London, and this number is expected to be ready in early next year.

All the latest airships carry several machine guns on special platforms and one large gun each.

EXPERIMENTAL CHEMISTRY. Bill, in search of something new, poured a pint of hydrofluoric acid in his father's Oxford shoe.

Just to see what it would do. As research work it wasn't bad. But 'twas rather rough on Dad.

Johnnie in his careless glee Mixed up I with N11-2. When the stuff was dry and thick Johnnie hit it with a brick. Johnnie's now in heaven, they say. At least, he surely went that way.

Little Jane was happy when She found a lump of KCN. "Pa likes lots of sweets," she said. So she put it in his tea. (Strange how "died" and "suicide" rhyme so well with "cyanide").

James put AgNO3 In his Ma's perfume. Saying, "She'll be pleased I hope. With this fine expensive dope. But when she used it, strange to say, She didn't feel a bit that way."

—The Chemist-Analyst.

Where an anti-freezing solution is used in the cooling system, care should be taken to maintain the solution in proper proportion. Evaporation takes place and the solution will be constantly weakened if water only is added to make up for the deficiency.